



Introduction to PTP on Linux - APIs

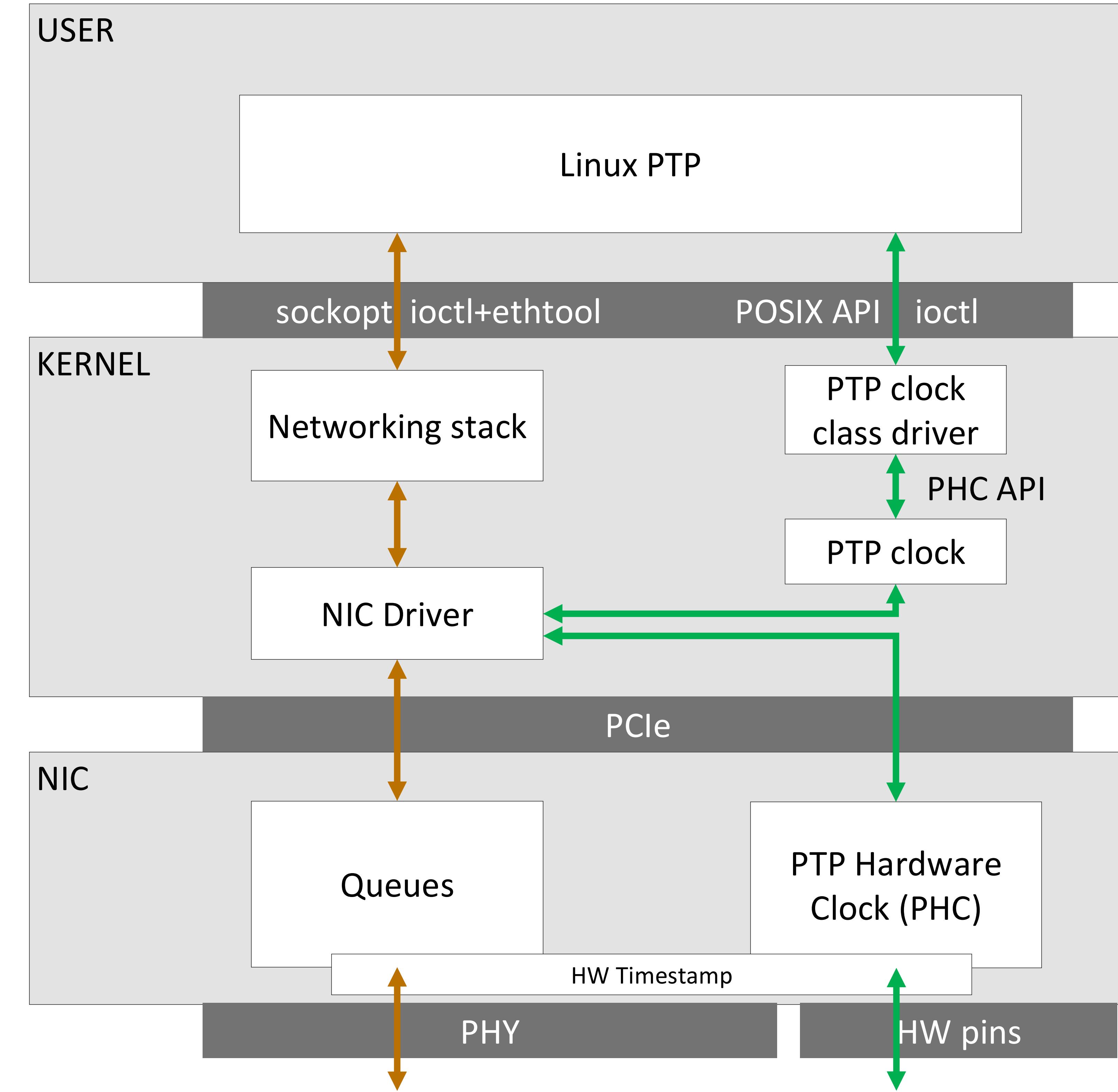
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Agenda:

- Overview
- Netdev timestamp ioctl
- POSIX clock
- PHC ioctl
- Tx timestamping
- Rx timestamping

Overview



A large, abstract graphic on the left side of the slide features several overlapping, curved bands of color. The colors transition from light yellow at the top to dark green at the bottom. The bands are separated by thin white lines and overlap each other, creating a sense of depth and motion.

Control/info path

Ethtool

- `ethtool_ops.get_ts_info`
- Returns an index of PHC that's connected to a given netdev
- Informs userspace about timestamping capabilities
 - Tx modes
 - Supported Rx filters
- Used by ptpt4l to resolve netdev to the PHC connection

Netdev ioctl

- Ethernet-specific IOCTLS
 - SIOCGHWTSTAMP - gets timestamp configuration
 - SIOCSHWTSTAMP - sets timestamp configuration and reads back

ndo_hwstamp_get

ndo_hwstamp_set

- Introduced in Kernel 6.6
- Easier to implement than the legacy way
- Wrapper handles copying the config buffer data from/to user

```
*  
* int (*ndo_hwstamp_get)(struct net_device *dev,  
*                         struct kernel_hwstamp_config *kernel_config);  
*     Get the currently configured hardware timestamping parameters for the  
*     NIC device.  
*  
* int (*ndo_hwstamp_set)(struct net_device *dev,  
*                         struct kernel_hwstamp_config *kernel_config,  
*                         struct netlink_ext_ack *extack);  
*     Change the hardware timestamping parameters for NIC device.  
*/
```

ndo_eth_ioctl (legacy)

- Fallback for SIOCGHWTSTAMP/ SIOCSHWTSTAMP
- Requires manual handling of userspace buffer
- One entry point for both flags

Kernel_hwtstamp_config structure

- Conveys the timestamping configuration
- Contains the type of TX
 - Two-step
 - One-step
 - Off
- Configures custom RX filters
 - HW filters for specific packets
 - If a driver does not support a specific configuration - it may fall back to a more generic one and return it

```
/**  
 * struct kernel_hwtstamp_config - Kernel copy of struct hwtstamp_config  
 *  
 * @flags: see struct hwtstamp_config  
 * @tx_type: see struct hwtstamp_config  
 * @rx_filter: see struct hwtstamp_config  
 * @ifr: pointer to ifreq structure from the original ioctl request, to pass to  
 *       a legacy implementation of a lower driver  
 * @copied_to_user: request was passed to a legacy implementation which already  
 *       copied the ioctl request back to user space  
 * @source: indication whether timestamps should come from the netdev or from  
 *       an attached phylib PHY  
 *  
 * Prefer using this structure for in-kernel processing of hardware  
 * timestamping configuration, over the inextensible struct hwtstamp_config  
 * exposed to the %SIOCGHWTSTAMP and %SIOCSHWTSTAMP ioctl UAPI.  
 */  
struct kernel_hwtstamp_config {  
    int flags;  
    int tx_type;  
    int rx_filter;  
    struct ifreq *ifr;  
    bool copied_to_user;  
    enum hwtstamp_source source;  
};
```



POSIX clock

POSIX Clock API

- PTP clocks conform to POSIX clock standard
- `clock_adjtime`: Adjust the clock
- `clock_gettime`: Read the current time
- `clock_settime`: Set the current time
- `ioctl`: Optional IOCTL methods



POSIX Clock API

- PTP clocks are exposed as character devices (`/dev/ptpX`)
- The file can be opened by a process
- File descriptor may be converted into clock IDs
- This clock ID can be used by standard POSIX APIs

```
#define CLOCKFD 3
#define FD_TO_CLOCKID(fd) ((~(clockid_t)(fd) << 3) | CLOCKFD)
#define CLOCKID_TO_FD(clk) ((unsigned int)~((clk) >> 3))

struct timeval tv;
clockid_t clkid;
int fd;

fd = open("/dev/ptp0", O_RDWR);
clkid = FD_TO_CLOCKID(fd);
clock_gettime(clk, &tv);
```

Mapping POSIX API to PTP clock driver API

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,
    .open           = ptp_open,
    .release        = ptp_release,
    .poll           = ptp_poll,
    .read           = ptp_read,
};

struct ptp_clock_info {
    struct module *owner;
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];
    s32 max_adj;
    int n_alarm;
    int n_ext_ts;
    int n_per_out;
    int n_pins;
    int pps;
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                  struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,
                  enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
};
```

clock_adjtime

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,           if (tx->modes & ADJ_FREQUENCY)
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,           if (tx->modes & ADJ_OFFSET)
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,            if (tx->modes & ADJ_SETOFFSET)
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,
    .open           = ptp_open,
    .release        = ptp_release,
    .poll           = ptp_poll,
    .read           = ptp_read,
};

struct ptp_clock_info {
    struct module *owner;
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];
    s32 max_adj;
    int n_alarm;
    int n_ext_ts;
    int n_per_out;
    int n_pins;
    int pps;
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                  struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,
                  enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
};
```

clock_adjtime

- Not part of IEEE POSIX specification
- Operates on the **timex** structure
- If called without any flags set – it returns info about the clock
 - For PTP clocks - information is limited to the current freq offset

```
struct __kernel_timex {  
    unsigned int modes;      /* mode selector */  
    int :32;                /* pad */  
    long long offset;       /* time offset (usec) */  
    long long freq; /* frequency offset (scaled ppm) */  
    long long maxerror; /* maximum error (usec) */  
    long long esterror; /* estimated error (usec) */  
    int status;             /* clock command/status */  
    int :32;                /* pad */  
    long long constant; /* pll time constant */  
    long long precision; /* clock precision (usec) (read only) */  
    long long tolerance; /* clock frequency tolerance (ppm)  
                           * (read only)  
                           */  
    struct __kernel_timex_timeval time; /* (read only, except for ADJ_SETOFFSET) */  
    long long tick; /* (modified) usecs between clock ticks */  
  
    long long ppsfreq; /* pps frequency (scaled ppm) (ro) */  
    long long jitter; /* pps jitter (us) (ro) */  
    int shift;           /* interval duration (s) (shift) (ro) */  
    int :32;                /* pad */  
    long long stabil; /* pps stability (scaled ppm) (ro) */  
    long long jitcnt; /* jitter limit exceeded (ro) */  
    long long calcnt; /* calibration intervals (ro) */  
    long long errcnt; /* calibration errors (ro) */  
    long long stbcnt; /* stability limit exceeded (ro) */  
  
    int tai;              /* TAI offset (ro) */  
  
    int :32; int :32; int :32; int :32;  
    int :32; int :32; int :32; int :32;  
    int :32; int :32; int :32;  
};
```

clock_adjtime

- When called with
- Adjfine (tx->modes & ADJ_FREQUENCY)
 - Adjusts the frequency of the hardware clock
- Adjphase (tx->modes & ADJ_OFFSET)
 - Adjusts the PHC by a given number of nanoseconds
 - PHC should use an internal servo algorithm to consume the phase offset
- Adjtime (tx->modes & ADJ_SETOFFSET)
 - Shifts the time of the hardware clock by the desired change in nanoseconds
- Without flags
 - Returns current clock state

clock_gettime

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,
    .open           = ptp_open,
    .release        = ptp_release,
    .poll           = ptp_poll,
    .read           = ptp_read,
};

struct ptp_clock_info {
    struct module *owner;
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];
    s32 max_adj;
    int n_alarm;
    int n_ext_ts;
    int n_per_out;
    int n_pins;
    int pps;
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);
    int (*gettime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                  struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,
                  enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
};
```

gettime64: Reads the current time from the hardware clock

clock_gettime

- Return the current value of time
- Calls:
 - **gettimex64** (if implemented)
 - Reads the current time from the hardware clock and optionally the system clock
 - **gettime64** (otherwise)
 - Reads the current time from the hardware clock

clock_getres

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,  
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,  
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,  
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,  
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,  
    .open           = ptp_open,  
    .release        = ptp_release,  
    .poll           = ptp_poll,  
    .read           = ptp_read,  
};  
  
struct ptp_clock_info {  
    struct module *owner;  
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];  
    s32 max_adj;  
    int n_alarm;  
    int n_ext_ts;  
    int n_per_out;  
    int n_pins;  
    int pps;  
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;  
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);  
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);  
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);  
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                      struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                 struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);  
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,  
                 enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);  
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
};  
  
tp->tv_sec = 0;  
tp->tv_nsec = 1;  
return 0;
```

clock_getres

- Return the resolution of a clock
- Currently statically terminated in the ptp_clock class driver
- Is the clock resolution, not the clock tick rate

```
static int ptp_clock_getres(struct posix_clock *pc, struct timespec64 *tp)
{
    tp->tv_sec = 0;
    tp->tv_nsec = 1;
    return 0;
}
```

clock_settime

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,  
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,  
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,  
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,  
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,  
    .open           = ptp_open,  
    .release        = ptp_release,  
    .poll           = ptp_poll,  
    .read           = ptp_read,  
};  
  
struct ptp_clock_info {  
    struct module *owner;  
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];  
    s32 max_adj;  
    int n_alarm;  
    int n_ext_ts;  
    int n_per_out;  
    int n_pins;  
    int pps;  
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;  
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);  
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);  
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);  
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                      struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                 struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);  
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,  
                 enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);  
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
};
```

settime64:

clock_settime

- Set the specified clock
- Check if the clock is freerunning
- If not – call settime64



IOCTLs

IOCTL swiss army knife

- Allows advanced operation on PTP clocks
- Read clock capabilities
- Control external timestamp source
- Control periodic outputs
- Control PPS subsystem
- Get hw-accelerated cross-timestamps
- Capture offset between the clock and system time (in 2 ways)
- Control auxiliary pins
- (IOCTLs with 2 do strict flags/args checking)

PTP_CLOCK_GETCAPS PTP_CLOCK_GETCAPS2

- Returns PTP clock capabilities
- Generic ptp_clock class driver function
- No extra implementation is needed

```
struct ptp_clock_caps {
    int max_adj;      /* Maximum frequency adjustment in parts per billion. */
    int n_alarm;     /* Number of programmable alarms. */
    int n_ext_ts;    /* Number of external time stamp channels. */
    int n_per_out;   /* Number of programmable periodic signals. */
    int pps;         /* Whether the clock supports a PPS callback. */
    int n_pins;      /* Number of input/output pins. */
    /* Whether the clock supports precise system-device cross timestamps */
    int cross_timestamping;
    /* Whether the clock supports adjust phase */
    int adjust_phase;
    int max_phase_adj; /* Maximum phase adjustment in nanoseconds. */
    int rsv[11];      /* Reserved for future use. */
};
```

PTP_EXTTS_REQUEST PTP_EXTTS_REQUEST2

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,  
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,  
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,  
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,  
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,  
    .open           = ptp_open,  
    .release        = ptp_release,  
    .poll           = ptp_poll,  
    .read           = ptp_read,  
};  
  
struct ptp_clock_info {  
    struct module *owner;  
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];  
    s32 max_adj;  
    int n_alarm;  
    int n_ext_ts;  
    int n_per_out;  
    int n_pins;  
    int pps;  
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;  
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);  
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);  
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);  
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                      struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                  struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);  
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,  
                 enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);  
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
};
```

n_ext_ts: number of external time stamp channels

enable: request driver to enable or disable an ancillary feature

PTP_EXTTS_REQUEST **PTP_EXTTS_REQUEST2**

- Controls external timestamp sources
 - PPS input pin
- Is the PPS input that reports PHC timestamps via the PTP clock
- Verifies the request against n_ext_ts
- Calls enable function

PTP_PEROUT_REQUEST PTP_PEROUT_REQUEST2

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,
    .open           = ptp_open,
    .release        = ptp_release,
    .poll           = ptp_poll,
    .read            = ptp_read,
};

struct ptp_clock_info {
    struct module *owner;
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];
    s32 max_adj;
    int n_alarm;
    int n_ext_ts;
    int n_per_out;
    int n_pins;
    int pps;
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                  struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,
                  enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
};
```

n_ext_ts: number of programmable periodic signals

enable: request driver to enable or disable an ancillary feature

PTP_PEROUT_REQUEST

PTP_PEROUT_REQUEST2

- Controls external periodic signals outputs
 - PPS output pin
- Verifies the request against n_per_out
- Calls enable function

PTP_ENABLE_PPS

PTP_ENABLE_PPS2

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,
    .open           = ptp_open,
    .release        = ptp_release,
    .poll           = ptp_poll,
    .read           = ptp_read,
};

struct ptp_clock_info {
    struct module *owner;
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];
    s32 max_adj;
    int n_alarm;
    int n_ext_ts;
    int n_per_out;
    int n_pins;
    int pps;
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                          struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,
                  struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,
                  enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);
};
```

pps: Indicates whether the clock supports a PPS callback

enable: request driver to enable or disable an ancillary feature

PTP_ENABLE_PPS **PTP_ENABLE_PPS2**

- Controls PPS subsystem callback of the clock
- Is NOT PPS input that reports PHC timestamps via the PTP clock
- Calls enable function

PTP_SYS_OFFSET_PRECISE PTP_SYS_OFFSET_PRECISE2

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,  
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,  
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,  
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,  
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,  
    .open           = ptp_open,  
    .release        = ptp_release,  
    .poll           = ptp_poll,  
    .read           = ptp_read,  
};  
  
struct ptp_clock_info {  
    struct module *owner;  
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];  
    s32 max_adj;  
    int n_alarm;  
    int n_ext_ts;  
    int n_per_out;  
    int n_pins;  
    int pps;  
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;  
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);  
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);  
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);  
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                      struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                 struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);  
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,  
                 enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);  
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
};
```

PTP_SYS_OFFSET_PRECISE **PTP_SYS_OFFSET_PRECISE2**

- Require hardware support
- Uses cross timestamping hardware features (such as PTM)
- Capture the system and the PHC time simultaneously.
- Provides exact offset measurement between system clock and PHC time

```
struct ptp_sys_offset_precise {
    struct ptp_clock_time device;
    struct ptp_clock_time sys_realtime;
    struct ptp_clock_time sys_monoraw;
    unsigned int rsv[4]; /* Reserved for future use. */
};
```

PTP_SYS_OFFSET_EXTENDED

PTP_SYS_OFFSET_EXTENDED2

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,  
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,  
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,  
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,  
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,  
    .open           = ptp_open,  
    .release        = ptp_release,  
    .poll           = ptp_poll,  
    .read           = ptp_read,  
};  
  
struct ptp_clock_info {  
    struct module *owner;  
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];  
    s32 max_adj;  
    int n_alarm;  
    int n_ext_ts;  
    int n_per_out;  
    int n_pins;  
    int pps;  
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;  
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);  
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);  
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);  
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                      struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                 struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);  
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,  
                 enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);  
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
};
```

PTP_SYS_OFFSET_EXTENDED **PTP_SYS_OFFSET_EXTENDED2**

- Calls gettimex64
- Requests system offset measurement
- Reads system time, PHC time, and then system time in the driver
- Can capture multiple samples to allow averaging

```
struct ptp_sys_offset_extended {
    unsigned int n_samples; /* Desired number of measurements. */
    unsigned int rsv[3];    /* Reserved for future use. */
    /*
     * Array of [system, phc, system] time stamps. The kernel will provide
     * 3*n_samples time stamps.
     */
    struct ptp_clock_time ts[PTP_MAX_SAMPLES][3];
};
```

PTP_SYS_OFFSET

PTP_SYS_OFFSET2

```
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,  
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,  
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,  
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,  
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,  
    .open           = ptp_open,  
    .release        = ptp_release,  
    .poll           = ptp_poll,  
    .read           = ptp_read,  
};  
  
struct ptp_clock_info {  
    struct module *owner;  
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];  
    s32 max_adj;  
    int n_alarm;  
    int n_ext_ts;  
    int n_per_out;  
    int n_pins;  
    int pps;  
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;  
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);  
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);  
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);  
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                      struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                 struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);  
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,  
                 enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);  
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
};  
  
gettyme64: Reads the current time from the hardware clock  
gettimest64: Reads the current time from the hardware clock and, optionally, the system clock.
```

PTP_SYS_OFFSET **PTP_SYS_OFFSET2**

- Simplified legacy function for reading the system offset
- Reads the system time in ptp_chardev
- Calls to either gettimex64 or gettime64
- Reads the system time again
- Can capture multiple samples to allow averaging

PTP_PIN_GETFUNC

PTP_PIN_GETFUNC2

- Retrieve pin config of a requested pin index

```
struct ptp_pin_desc {
    /*
     * Hardware specific human readable pin name. This field is
     * set by the kernel during the PTP_PIN_GETFUNC ioctl and is
     * ignored for the PTP_PIN_SETFUNC ioctl.
     */
    char name[64];
    /*
     * Pin index in the range of zero to ptp_clock_caps.n_pins - 1.
     */
    unsigned int index;
    /*
     * Which of the PTP_PF_XXX functions to use on this pin.
     */
    unsigned int func;
    /*
     * The specific channel to use for this function.
     * This corresponds to the 'index' field of the
     * PTP_EXTTS_REQUEST and PTP_PEROUT_REQUEST ioctls.
     */
    unsigned int chan;
    /*
     * Reserved for future use.
     */
    unsigned int rsv[5];
};
```

PTP_PIN_SETFUNC

PTP_PIN_SETFUNC2

```
case PTP_PIN_SETFUNC:  
case PTP_PIN_SETFUNC2:  
  
static struct posix_clock_operations ptp_clock_ops = {  
    .owner          = THIS_MODULE,  
    .clock_adjtime = ptp_clock_adjtime,  
    .clock_gettime = ptp_clock_gettime,  
    .clock_getres  = ptp_clock_getres,  
    .clock_settime = ptp_clock_settime,  
    .ioctl          = ptp_ioctl,  
    .open           = ptp_open,  
    .release        = ptp_release,  
    .poll           = ptp_poll,  
    .read           = ptp_read,  
};  
  
struct ptp_clock_info {  
    struct module *owner;  
    char name[PTP_CLOCK_NAME_LEN];  
    s32 max_adj;  
    int n_alarm;  
    int n_ext_ts;  
    int n_per_out;  
    int n_pins;  
    int pps;  
    struct ptp_pin_desc *pin_config;  
    int (*adjfine)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, long scaled_ppm);  
    int (*adjphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s32 phase);  
    s32 (*getmaxphase)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
    int (*adjtime)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, s64 delta);  
    int (*gettyme64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*gettimest64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                       struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosststamp)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*settime64)(struct ptp_clock_info *p, const struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcycles64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts);  
    int (*getcyclesx64)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, struct timespec64 *ts,  
                      struct ptp_system_timestamp *sts);  
    int (*getcrosscycles)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                         struct system_device_crosststamp *cts);  
    int (*enable)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp,  
                 struct ptp_clock_request *request, int on);  
    int (*verify)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp, unsigned int pin,  
                 enum ptp_pin_function func, unsigned int chan);  
    long (*do_aux_work)(struct ptp_clock_info *ptp);  
};
```

verify: Confirm that a pin can perform a given function. This hook gives drivers a way of telling the PHC core about limitations on specific pins.

parameter pin: index of the pin in question.

parameter func: the desired function to use.

parameter chan: the function channel index to use.

PTP_PIN_SETFUNC **PTP_PIN_SETFUNC2**

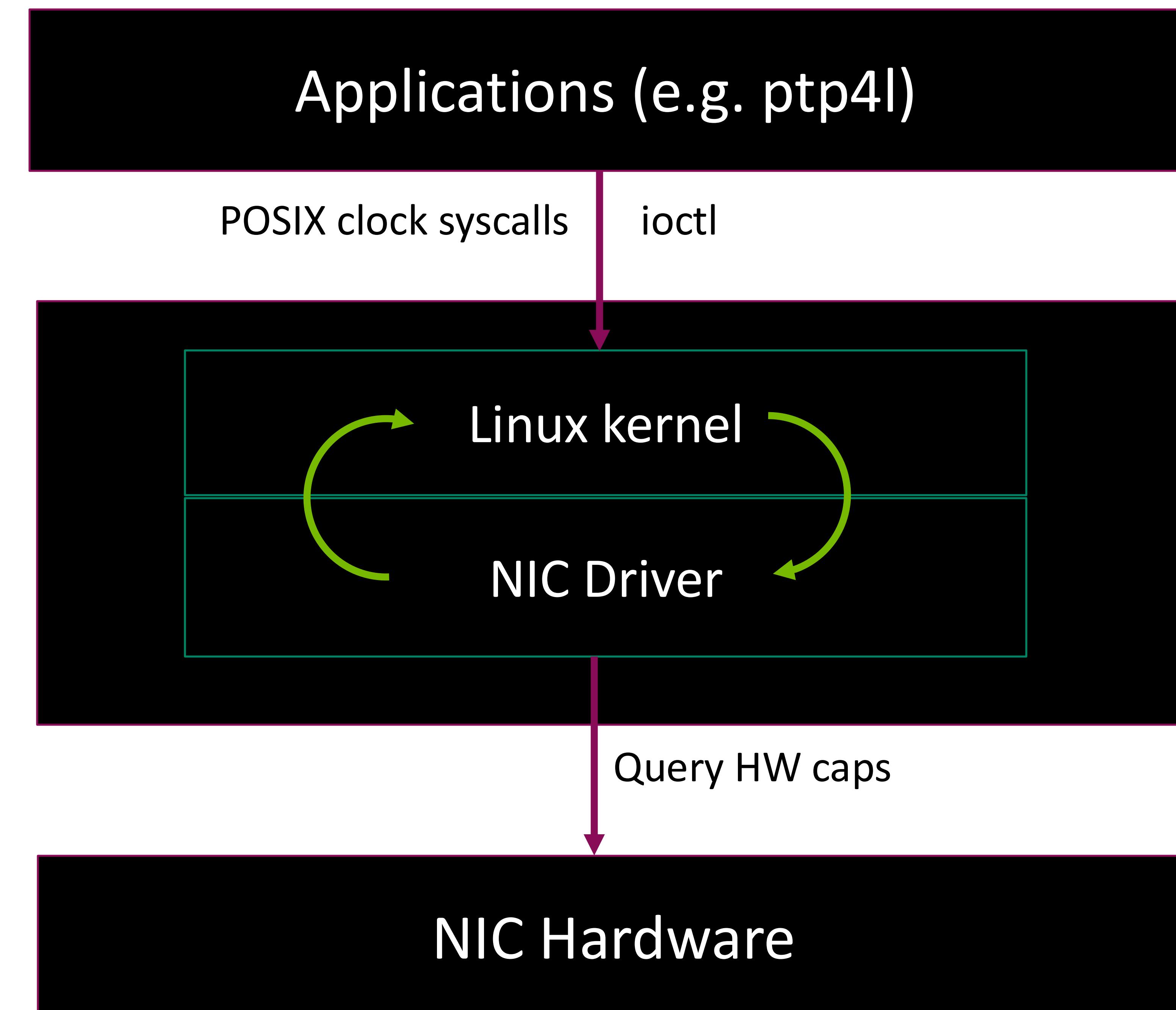
- Controls advanced pin assignment.
 - Such as bi-dir pins
- Verifies if a given pin configuration is supported
- Stores configuration in a local table
- [ptp_find_pin](#) function can retrieve a pin index assigned to a given function/channel configuration
 - inside the driver (enable)

A large, abstract graphic on the left side of the slide features several curved, overlapping bands of light green and lime green. These bands create a sense of depth and motion, resembling stacked pages or a stylized landscape. A vertical dark green bar runs along the right edge of the graphic.

Tx/Rx Timestamping

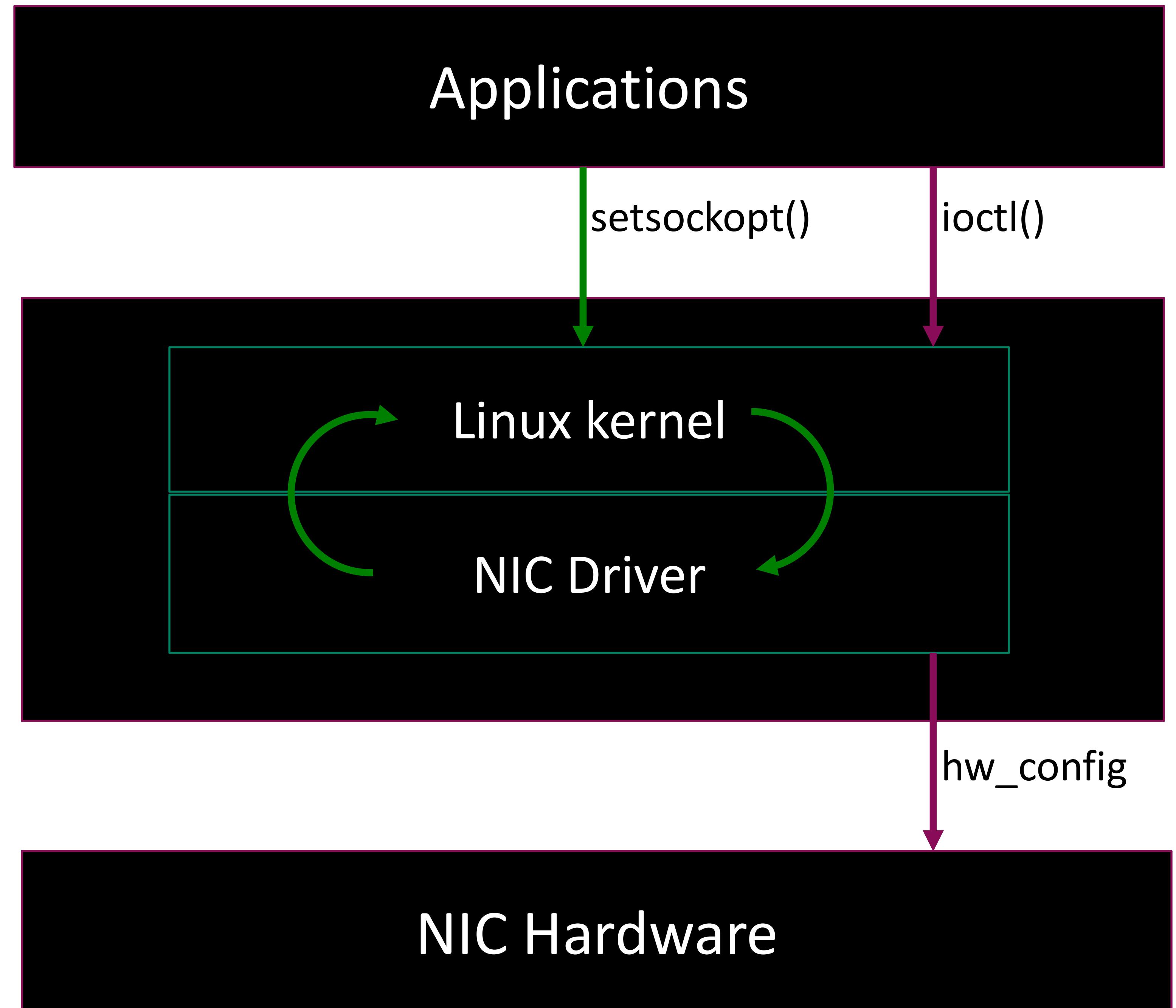
HW Time - control

- Driver creates `ptp_clock_info`
 - `pps`, `n_per_out`, `max_adj`, etc.
 - `adjfreq`/`adjtime`/`gettime`/`settime`/`enable`
- registers clock via `ptp_clock_register()`
- Applications utilize POSIX clock system calls and ioctls to control the PHC



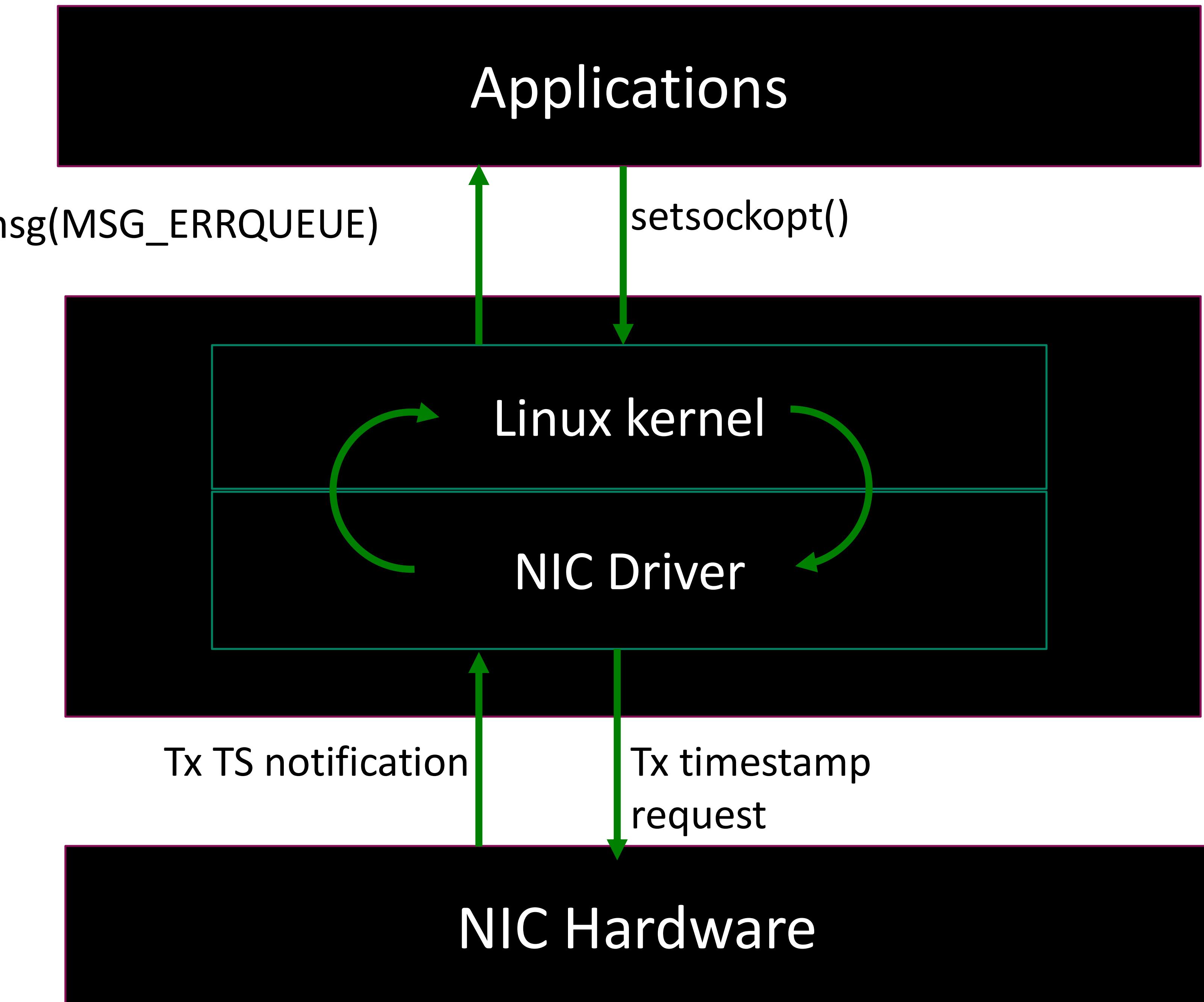
HW Tx Timestamping – control

- App sets Tx timestamping using SIOCSHWTSTAMP
- Driver configures timestamp in hardware
 - Rx/Tx Timestamping disabled by default
- App sets socket options for a created socket to enable Tx timestamps



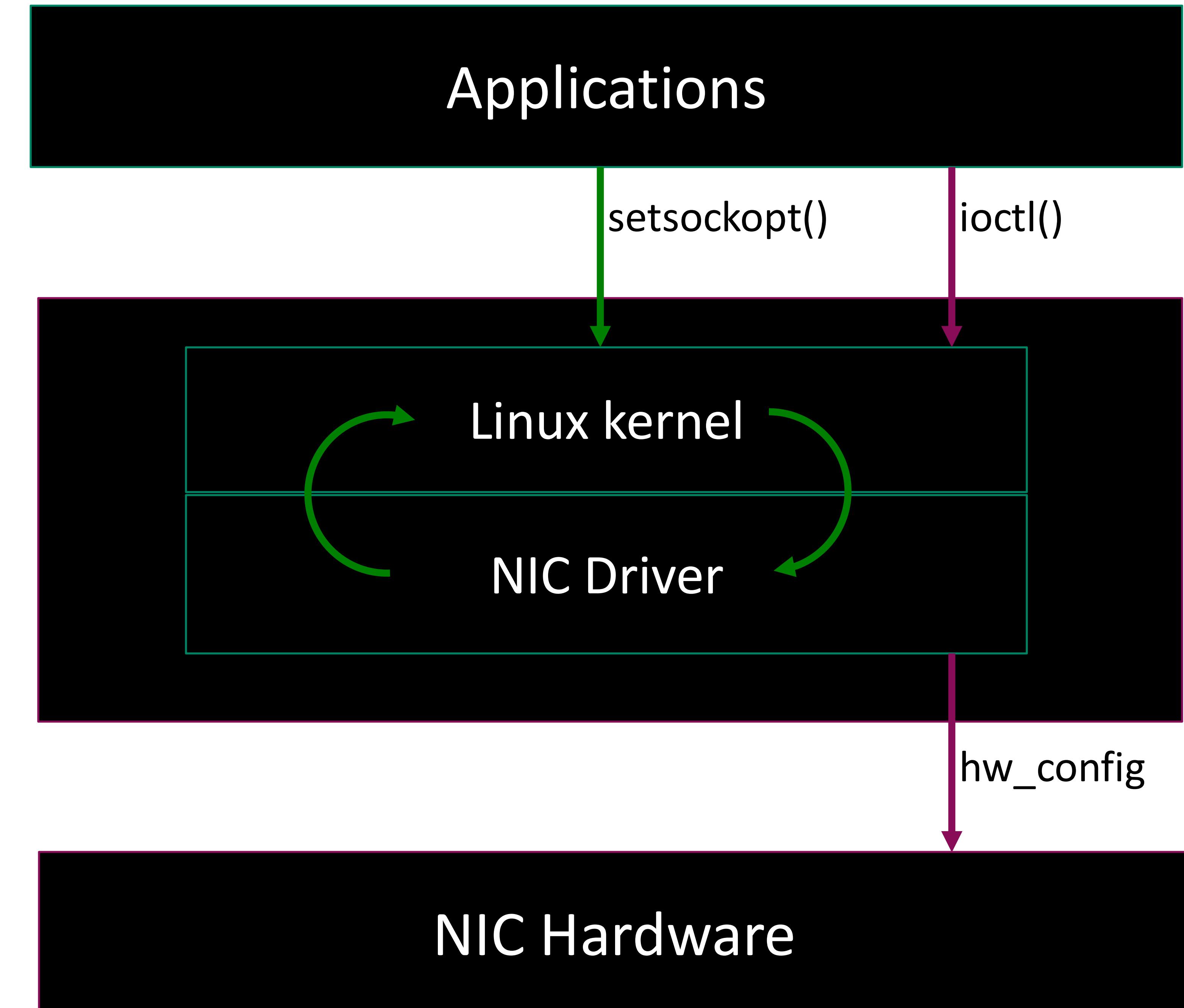
NIC HW Tx Timestamping – Data

- Application uses setsockopt to set `SOF_TIMESTAMPING_TX_HARDWARE` flag
- Driver requests HW Tx timestamps for packets with `SKBTX_HW_TSTAMP` flag
- Driver sets `SKBTX_IN_PROGRESS` flag to notify it is waiting for a hw tstamp and sends the packet
- NIC Hardware notifies the driver once Timestamp is collected
- NIC Driver
 - Sets `shhwstamps.hwtstamp`
 - Calls `skb_tstamp_tx` with the original skb and `shhwstamps` struct
- Application informed via `MSG_ERRQUEUE`



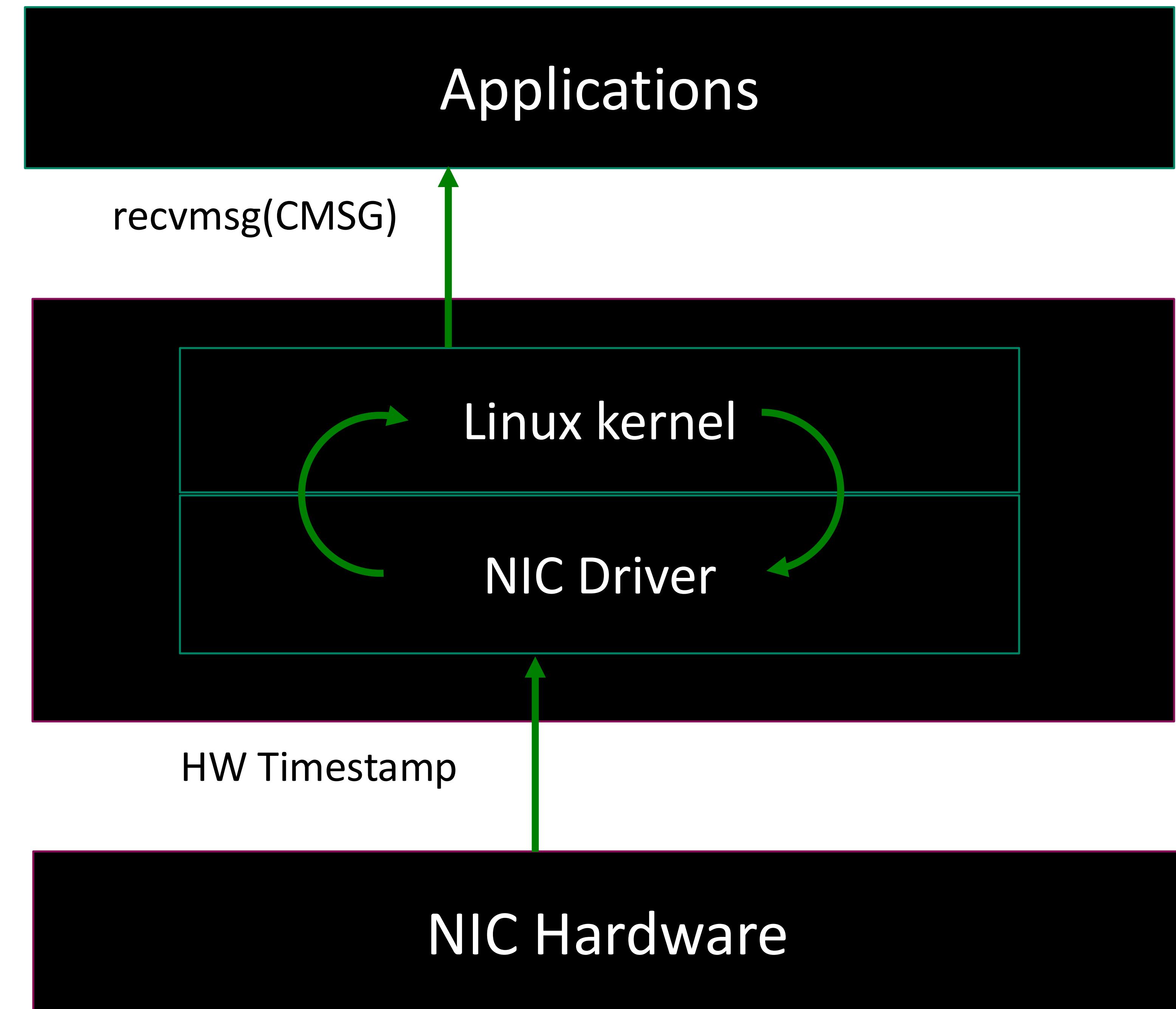
HW Rx Timestamping – control

- App sets Tx timestamping using SIOCSHWTSTAMP
- Driver sets up HW to generate timestamps
- Application uses setsockopt to set SOF_TIMESTAMPING_RX_HARDWARE flag



HW Rx Timestamping – data

- Hardware timestamps Rx packets
- And notifies the driver
- Driver reads Rx descriptor, Rx timestamp
- And sets the `skb_hwtstamps(skb)->hwtstamp`
- Application informed via CMSG



Useful links

- <https://elixir.bootlin.com/linux/latest/source/Documentation/driver-api/ptp.rst>
- <https://elixir.bootlin.com/linux/latest/source/Documentation/timers/timekeeping.rst>
- <https://elixir.bootlin.com/linux/latest/source/Documentation/networking/timestamping.rst>